The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1867. NO. 251.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

From the Columbus Sun.

STRONG AND SENSIBLE ADVICE.

We would invite the attention of our readers of both races to the subjoined letter from an honest and sensible colored minister, resident at Glennville, Alabama.

His letter contains more truth, more sense, and better counsel than an hundred of the harangues of Wilson, Kelley and the other smaller fry of Radical emissaries who are driving the negroes of the South to their own destruction.

We understand that some of the laborers in the new vineyard are already in our midst busily at work, secretly it is said.—Would it not be well to get William McCoo to come here and give publicly to black and white the benefit of his advice, the results of his experience? He is the right sort of a man to meet Wilson, Kelley or Ashburn, and our people would be doing themselves and others a service if they could interest him in the present canvass:

GLENNVILLE, ALA., May 17, 1867.

Editor Sun & Times:—Having seen a letter in your issue of the 16th. instant., from a colored man of Mobile, Ala., giving his views of some of the political emissaries who are now in the South exerting all their power to create dissension and bad feeling between the white and black people, I take this opportunity of endorsing his sentiments, and giving my opinion on the same subject. I believe the Southern people (the true ones) are our best friends. They are doing the best they can for our welfare. There are few ladies who are not teaching their little servants and doing all they can to instruct them. They have not means to build schools for them; if they had I believe they would do it. And here I would say, let our Northern friends, who seem to take such an interest in our political welfare, save the money they are spending for electioneering purposes, to build schools and pay competent teachers to educate our people; schools where the young can attend daily; schools for adults, where the mechanic in the shop, the laborer in the field, the servant in the house, the porter in the store, can attend for a few hours when their day's work is done to improve their intellects. If they will do this, then they will be conferring a benefit on our race, instead of filling their heads with nonsense, taking them from their business to the towns and cities, making big speeches to them, telling them to hate their former masters and mistresses, that they are their enemies, and a heap of other things that are not gospel truths. Thank God, the black people have knowledge enough to know who are their enemies.

If these people love the black people so well, why do they not extend to those people who have been born and raised among them the same privileges they wish to give us at the South? They wish the black people of the South to vote. For what purpose? Not for the good of the South, but for their own aggrandizement. Why are the intelligent foreigners debarred the privilege of voting for so many years after their arrival in this country? To give them an opportunity, I suppose, of obtaining a thorough knowledge of its laws before they can take part in its legislation. Is it not necessary to keep the black man in the same state of probation? Are not the political affairs of this country as foreign to him just now as they are to the man born in China? More so; for that man can read the Constitution and laws of a country and understand them, which ninety-nine out of every hundred of the black men cannot do. I say, educate them first, teach them their duties. What does a poor ignorant black man that has been in the cotton and corn field, from the time he was able to go there up to a short time ago, know about the legislation of the country? Nothing. True, there are some intelligent ones who have some knowledge of it, and if they are to have the privilege of voting let them do so, but not the whole people. I say again, let them be educated; let them be taught their duties; let them understand that it is by honesty and industry, and not by politics, they are to make a living. Let the Southern people do this; it is to their interest as well as ours. We want no strangers, no radicals—men who know nothing of our affairs and care less, unless it be for their own advantage,—to instruct us. Let our own Southern people, our friends, do it. This is our country—we, our children and grandchildren, have been born, raised, and expect to die here. Our prosperity depends on the prosperity of our country, and, with God's assistance, we will help to build it up again. Then, in the name of God, let the true Southern men bestir themselves—have confidence in us, we will not disappoint them. Oh, that I could speak trumpet-tongued, that my voice could extend through all this once happy land, as a warning to all black men, to beware of those false prophets—wolves in sheep's clothing, who are prowling amongst them, preaching doctrines that will lead to their ruination and that of the country, unless put a stop to. Then let us all unite in imploring the Omnipotent Power that He will preserve the land from further tribulation and sorrow; that he will give us grace to live just and peaceably before all men, so that we may expect to hear, when it pleases Him to take us before Him, those words addressed to the faithful steward, "well done, thou good and faithful servant, because thou hast been faithful over a few things, I will make thee ruler over many things; enter thou into the joys of thy Lord."

Very respectfully,
WILLIAM McCOO,
Pastor Colored Baptist Church,
GLENNVILLE, ALA.

THE MOBILE PRESS.—General Swayne's order declaring martial law in Mobile contains the following passage:

"Severe responsibility will attach to the publication of articles commending or inciting riot, or violence to individuals."

Commenting on this, the Mobile *Tribune* says:

"We submit to the judgment of every unprejudiced man that no articles, having such a tendency, have appeared in any Mobile paper save one, the name of which we cannot admit into these columns."

A letter from New Orleans says that returns from registration in Louisiana show that but very few white people are being registered. In St. Charles Parish, for instance, the registry shows the names of three hundred and forty-five colored men to six whites, and in St. Bernard Parish the names of three hundred colored men to eighty whites.

The trial of John H. Surratt has been postponed on motion of the government until the 10th of June, in order to secure the attendance of several important witnesses.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

SECOND GRAND OPENING

OF THIS SEASON

AT

S M I T H ' S,

No. 25 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

Thirty Thousand Dollars Worth

OF

FRESH GOODS OPENING THIS DAY.

THE ABOVE NAMED STOCK HAS BEEN selected with much taste and judgment, and at the very great REDUCTION recently made in prices of all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

AND WILL BE SOLD CORRESPONDINGLY LOW.

This is decidedly the largest and best stock of

DRY GOODS

In Virginia and offers inducements to purchasers unsurpassed anywhere. No effort will be spared to give satisfaction to all.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF

Virginia and North Carolina,

I WOULD SAY SEND IN YOUR ORDERS,

You will be delighted with the BEAUTIFUL GOODS you will receive in return, and at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

To our numerous customers at a distance, I return my grateful thanks and request their orders for samples, guaranteeing in every instance entire satisfaction.

To our numerous friends and patrons in the city and vicinity, I would especially say, that in many respects the Stock was never so desirable or complete, embracing many

NEW AND DESIRABLE ARTICLES

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,

And will, therefore, refrain from a numeration except to call especial attention to

THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,

which surpasses anything heretofore offered in this market. An early call will secure the most

DESIRABLE SHADES,

PATTERNS, &c., &c.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended, I hope by strict attention to the necessities and interest of my customers, to merit its continuance to the entire extent of their wants in the DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

THOMAS SMITH.

my 4-228-4c

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR

OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist,

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

my 4-226-eodly

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-212-3m*

TRINITY COLLEGE.

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT.

THE Trustees will hold their annual meeting on Wednesday, at 8 o'clock A. M. June 12.

The ANNUAL SERMON to the Graduating Class will be preached by Bishop GEORGE F. PIERCE, D. D., on Wednesday, at 11 o'clock A. M. June 12.

The LITERARY ADDRESS before the Societies will be delivered at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday.

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT will be on Thursday, June 13th. 1867.

A general invitation is given. Arrangements will be made for Trustees and the members of Conference, and if they will communicate with the Marshal, J. W. Reid, in advance, it will be more comfortable to all parties.

B. CRAVEN.

May 25-216-td

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO.

In store a good supply of cheap Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

JAMES H. TOWLES,
my 6-229-tf Com. Merchant.

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese; Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for CASH.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3—tf Family Grocer.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C.
LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *goazing*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13-211-tf

WE WONDER WHY ALMOST EVERY BODY, (or at least *a great many more folks*,) don't call and get a new HAT and some READY-MADE CLOTHING, while they are going so cheap; or supply themselves with a great many of the other good things so useful to housekeepers to be found at JENKINS & PERRY'S.

Please call and buy a little, if it is only ever so much.

May 23-244-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

AGENTS FOR STIEFF'S 31st. PREMIUM GRAND AND SQUARE

PIANOS,

FACTORIES 84 & 86 CAMDEN ST., AND 45 & 47 PERRY ST., OPPOSITE THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R. OFFICE, AND WAREROOMS NO. 7 W. LIBERTY ST., ABOVE BALTIMORE, BALTIMORE, Md.,

Stieff's new Scale Pianos, with the Agraffe treble and Ivory fronts, are pronounced by the best Professors and Amateurs to be the best Pianos now in use. They are fully warranted for 5 years, with privilege of exchange within 12 months, if not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Cabinet Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

REFERENCES: (Who have our Pianos in use) Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va., Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C., Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell's Springs, N. C., Max Strakosch, Director Italian Opera, and Miss Caroline M. Richings, of the English Opera.

TERMS LIBERAL. A CALL IS SOLICITED.

May 22-243-3m

$25 REWARD.

Stolen from the Subscriber, on the 30th. April 1867, One LIGHT SORRELL HORSE MULE, 8 or 9 years old. This mule is rather under common size, and was barefooted when taken; roach, mane and tail, and with close examination can be seen a very small speck of white hair on his right rump; and on his back, about where the hind part of the saddle works, you will find a small knot caused by hurt.

The above reward will be paid to any one taking him up or giving any information that will lead to his recovery.

WILLIAM HOUSE,
Durham's, Orange Co., N. C.

May 25-246-1wdaw*

FRESH FIELD SEEDS.

RED CLOVER,
ORCHARD GRASS,
TIMOTHY,
BLUE GRASS,
LUCERNE,

and best variety of Garden Seeds, just received from R. Sinclair & Co., Baltimore, at the Farmers' Hall. JAMES M. TOWLES.

Feb20-185-tf Auctioneer.

RAILROADS.

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th. 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th. 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	9.30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2.30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10.30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	5.37 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4.50 P. M.
" " leaves "	6.30 A. M.

The mail trains make reasonable connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-tf Gen. Sup't.

Progress and Standard copy till forbid.

DRY GOODS.

CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE,

AND

GLASS-WARE.

I BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE CITIzens of Raleigh and vicinity, that I have added to my already extensive business, an especial department for

CROCKERY AND GLASS-WARE,

and have taken great care to select the goods with a view of making this a first-class Grocery store.

I have the largest and best selected assortment to be found in this city, consisting of FINE CHINA SETTS, (plain, gilded and painted,) all of latest styles and patterns, STONEWARE, COMMON WARE, and EARTHEN WARE.

IN GLASS-WARE,

Our assortment is complete, consisting of

Fine Cut Glass Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, and Dishes of all Sizes,

Looking Glasses

of every description, made of the very best German and American Glass.

The Department of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

has just been fitted out with the most fashionable and desirable Goods, and the recent decline in prices and the particular attention I have given in selecting the goods, will enable me to please every body in style and price. I therefore invite my old customers and the public generally to call and examine my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Besides, he is still prepared to furnish the people with

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

in as great variety as heretofore, embracing the best qualities as to style, make and quality. He invites an inspection of the same from purchasers.

In addition, I will mention my first-class

GROCERY STORE,

which is kept up at all times with the best and finest Family Groceries and sold at the lowest market prices. A. KLINE.

Cor. Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.

May 2-226-2m.

BOOK STORE.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING

PAPER; PRINTERS

SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact, everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames.
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chains,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 22-169-tf

BUCKEYE MOWER AND REPAIR

We have in Store one of these celebrated Machines, which we will sell on accommodating terms.

We have also made arrangements to furnish on short notice Grain Cradles, Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Horse Rakes, Fan Mills, Cotton Gins &c., &c., at *manufacturers' prices*.

D. F. WILLIAMSON & CO.

my 4-228-tf

FAMILY ROE HERRINGS.

Inspected and warranted!

A few Half Barrels just received and for sale by DOUGLAS BELL.

my 17-238-tf

JENNY LIND CREAM CHEESE!

The richest and very best variety of Cheese made. Will keep during Summer, without injuring and altogether something exceedingly nice and good. Strawberries and Cream *ain't no what*.

JENKINS & PERRY.

May 23-244-tf

COOKING STOVES.

We have received a large addition to our stock, COOKING STOVES,

Various Patterns.

J. BROWN,
May 21-243 With HART & LEWIS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS

MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophies, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
P. O. DRAWER 233, BUFFALO, N. Y.

April 6-205-1ywad

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old; to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation, is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 80,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists
April 6—205-1ydaw 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair.
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.

Address all orders to

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, SYRACUSE, N. Y.
April 6-1ydaw

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!!

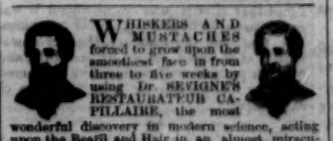
CHASTELLAR'S

Hair Exterminator.

For Removing Superfluous Hair.

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensable article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists,
285 River St., TROY, N. Y.
April 8-1ydaw



WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES forced to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

April 8-1ydaw

BEAUTY.—Auburn, Golden, Flaxen, Silken CURLS produced by the use of Prof. DEDREUX' FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls—Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive Circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y., Sole Agents for the United States.

April 8-1ydaw

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.

Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's. line of New York and packets.

apr 5-1yd-6m

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, EBEN YOUNG, SPENCER SCOTT, Feb 15-162

A. S. SHAFER, A. L. SCOTT, P. M. GARRETT.

JOHN S. DANCY, of TARBORO, N.C.,

JOHN H. HYMAN, of SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N. C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 24, Exchange Place, NEW YORK,

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandize and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.

Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

PULMONARY DISEASES

CAN BE CURED.

DR. THOMAS H. MILES CONTINUES TO treat Thoracic Diseases by Topical Medication, or "Catheterism of the air Passages," conjoined with appropriate general remedies, as practiced by Prof. Diaux, of New York. This treatment is a specific for chronic Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma and Incipent Consumption. References given if required. His address is Mt. Carmel, Hatfield County, Va.

April 9-207-2m

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BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

Having made large additions to our

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Promptly and in the best style of the art.

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To suit all tastes.

We are prepared to do any kind of letter-press printing, from an Invitation Card to a Book of one thousand pages, expeditiously, economically and satisfactorily.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,
Jan 5—tf Raleigh, N. C.

FLOUR, MEAL, HAMS,

BUTTER.

SUPERIOR FAMILY FLOUR, (Warranted.)
100 BUSHELS PRIME WHITE MEAL.
SOUTHAMPTON HAMS, AND DELICIOUS BUTTER.

Just received and for sale,

my 14-235-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NORTH CAROLINA HERRINGS.

CUT HERRING!
GROSS HERRING!!
ROE HERRING!!!

Just received in Barrels and Half Barrels, to which the attention of purchasers is invited.

DOUGLAS BELL,
May 21-242-tf Market Square.

LIME.

FARMERS and builders in need of Lime, can be supplied by the undersigned with an excellent article at very low rates.

Cost per ton at Salisbury securely bored $12.20
Freight from Salisbury to Greensboro, $4.00,
Do. " Hillsboro, 2.50
Do. " Raleigh, 2.70

Apply to POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station.
Dec 5-tf W. N. C. R. R.

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JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville N. C.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ALL BUSIness intrusted to his care.

Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

Jan 24-tf

IRON AND TIN WARE.

HARDWARE.

WOSTENHOLM & SONS' HEAVY RAZORS,
Fine Barber's Shears,
Large Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.

J. BROWN,
April 11-209-tf With HART & LEWIS.

1867. Spring Trade, 1867.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY: SUCH AS IVORY Handled Balwier Knives and Forks, and Knives only.

Guano Droppers, made and on hand.

J. BROWN,
April-17-214-tf With HART & LEWIS

USEFUL

AT 44, FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Old Dominion Coffee Pots,
French Biggin Coffee Pots,
Crystal and Ornamented Chamber Sets,
Handsome Water Coolers,
Chamber or Hot Bath Tubs.

J. BROWN,
April 20-224-tf With HART & LEWIS.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

White and Persian Granite Table Ware.
Bowls and Pitchers,
Edged and C. C. Plates.
Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Salt Stands.
A 1 & C.,
Framed Looking Glasses.

J. BROWN,
April 23-219-tf With HART & Lewis.

FOR SALE.

ARCTIC ICE CREAM FREEZERS; WILL Freeze in 5 minutes.

ALSO,

Cut Nails and Finishing Brads,
Hoop Iron and Cast Steel.

J. BROWN,
May 2-226-tf With HART & LEWIS.

GRAIN AND GRASS SCYTHES.

Scythe Snaths,
Indiana Pond Stones,
For Grass and Grain Scythes.

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Raleigh, May 8-229-tf With HART & LEWIS

WESTERN EMPIRE COOKING STOVES,

Well furnished, on hand.

J. BROWN,
my 6-229-tf With HART & LEWIS

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RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL 1867 ROAD. 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH,

BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!!

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THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

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By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. B. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

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By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to R. R. Agents, Portsmouth, Va., and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked.

Dec. 5—tf Freight Ag. R. & G. R. R.

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CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

R. R. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

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ALLAN & BOSHER,

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists,

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(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 13-1y

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AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. Restoring thens nature and exhilarating system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston H. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern states, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

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For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

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The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1,00
For two months,	2,00
Three months,	2,50
Six months,	5,00
One year,	10,00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year,	5,00
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THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1867.

NATIONAL FINANCES.

The depression of business is general throughout the country. In the North, the plethora of business during the war, which made thousands rich, has given place to languor and inactivity. Many of the cotton and wool factories have either suspended or are working on half time. Ship-building and many other industries have become so prostrated, that thousands are out of employment. In the South, the utter prostration caused by the war, and the absence of capital, rendered it almost impossible to revive any business on a solid basis, and even what has been attempted languishes. There is a cause for this, not one cause, but several, which have not yet reached bottom, but whose results are gradually reaching a point of discouragement hitherto unfelt.

Mr. McCulloch, the able Secretary of the Treasury, in a recent letter addressed to leading men in Boston, who had invited him to visit that city, briefly alludes to the causes which have produced the present financial difficulties. The Boston gentlemen very warmly applaud the ability with which Mr. McCulloch has administered his department, but he warns them, in reply, not to look, for some time to come, to equal success in the reduction of the public debt. So far from this, he assures them that the recent legislation of Congress will not only prevent a reduction, but will increase that debt. He says:

"*The donations or bounties to soldiers, preparations for a threatening Indian war, even of the war itself should be avoided, and very liberal appropriations of a miscellaneous character, will cause unusually heavy drafts to be made upon the treasury;* while, on the other hand, the general failure of the wheat crop and the partial failure of the corn crop last year, *slow progress in the restoration of the Southern States to their proper relations with the federal government*, the dullness of trade throughout the country—partly the result of a decrease of production, and partly of the natural reaction which always follows periods of excitement and speculation—together with reduced taxes, will very considerably affect our revenues. This combination of adverse circumstances may retard a return to specie payments, and, with large issues of bonds to be made to the Pacific railroad and its branches or divisions, will prevent for a brief season a reduction of the public debt *and may even render a temporary increase of it unavoidable*, but it will not weaken my faith in our ability to move on again in the right direction at an early day. On the contrary, I believe that this check to our progress will lead to improvements in our revenue laws and to an increase of efficiency in their execution, hasten the representation in Congress of the Southern States, and secure greater economy in all branches of the public service."

Mr. McCulloch has not changed his views as to the utility and absolute necessity of reducing the volume of paper circulation, in order to a return to specie payments and the appreciation of the paper currency; so far from it, he persistently holds to his former opinions and will return to the system of reduction as soon as the condition of the Treasury will allow it. Financiers every where are not more fixed in any principle of finance, than that the inflation of a depreciated currency always results in speculation, high prices and subsequent bankruptcy, and the positions of Mr. McCulloch on this point are beyond controversy.

Injudicious legislation on the part of Congress has very seriously tended to enhance our financial difficulties, nor does Mr. McCulloch too highly estimate the injury done to the productive wealth of the country, and the consequent depreciation of our finances, by the delays of Congress in its efforts at the reconstruction of the Southern States. This delay has most seriously prostrated the energy of the South, but, added to this, the evidences of insincerity and instability in the purposes of Congress, as manifested by the advocates of confiscation, will prove utterly ruinous. No possible scheme could be devised so destructive to public confidence in the wisdom and integrity of Congress, and so entirely ruinous to all business energy in the South, as the serious agitation of confiscation. Were Mr. Stevens' bill to be seriously entertained for a few months, at the next session of Congress, it would result in universal recklessness and starvation, involving in its results consequences as serious to the beneficiaries of the government as to the immediate sufferers from confiscation. The idea is so preposterous, so un-statesman-like, so demon-like, that no one but a monomaniac or a fiend can for a moment entertain it. The man who advocates such a thing is a public enemy to the peace and well-being of the entire people of the South of both races, and deserves the execration of the Christian world.

MILITARY EDUCATION.—From Washington it is reported that the Secretary of War has drawn up a plan providing for the establishment of military professorships in the colleges of the country. The plan is to detail competent officers from the army to teach military science in each college whose faculty will make provision for a military branch of education. Two competent officers will be sent to each college—one as Professor of tactics and strategy, and the other of engineering, gunnery, fortifications and general military science. As an inducement to study, the Secretary proposes to commission as officers in the army five members of every graduating class excelling in general and military scholarship.

THE OPINION of Attorney General Stanbery is eliciting violent dissent from the extreme Radical press. The Philadelphia Press makes it the occasion of fresh threats against the South.

HON. W. D. KELLEY.

This gentleman has recently addressed the people at Charlotte, Concord, Salisbury and Greensboro, in this State. Entire quiet has been observed at all those places, and Mr. Kelley has been treated with entire respect. More than this, the papers in all those places declare that his speeches were altogether unexceptionable. We presume that, by this remark, our cotemporaries, the Charlotte *Times*, *Old North State* and Greensboro *Patriot*, simply meant to say, that Mr. Kelley was entirely unexceptionable in his temper and manner. It is not to be presumed that they approved and endorsed the doctrines of Mr. Kelley.

The last Greensboro *Patriot* contains a notice of Mr. Kelley's speech in that town, in which it states:

"The two leading ideas that he endeavored to enforce, as we understand him, was, first, that of the superiority of free labor over that of slave labor; in other words, that *capital* in the North preferred to pay for their labor, whilst capital at the South preferred to own their labor. He claimed that the difference between these two systems had produced the relative difference between the prosperity of the North and the South. Second, he declared himself in favor of equality, without distinction of race or color, in all matters, both of Church and State. He insisted that North Carolina should establish a system of free schools, at which all the children in the State, of all colors and classes, should be educated together at the public expense."

Now, we are not disposed, at present, to controvert Mr. Kelley's first proposition, though we are inclined to believe that the postulate is not correctly stated by him. The results of mere slave labor alone, leaving out of the account the value of slaves as property entirely, are undoubtedly less than the results of free labor. This is proven by the fact, that, when slavery was abolished, it left the former owners poor—for the reason that our people had blindly regarded slavery as *capital*, and the proceeds of their labor had improperly been expended in the rearing or purchase of more slaves. But the superior results of labor in the North are not simply owing to the difference between free and slave labor, but are mainly owing to the superiority of intelligent, skilled labor to the unskilled labor employed in the South.

But how many men of sense, either white or colored, endorse his second proposition? Do even the Radicals of this State favor the notion of removing, in all matters of Church and State, the distinctions which would prevail in all parts of the world, where two races so distinct existed in the same country, embracing such large numbers on both sides? Who are ready, or expects ever to be ready, without Mexicanization, for a perfect admixture of all colors in churches and schools?

We think we understand well the real feelings of the colored people on this subject.—They prefer, and will insist upon it, that they shall have their own seperate church and school organizations. They are right; and the white race should aid them to their utmost capacity. They prefer preachers and teachers of their own color, where they are at all competent. They prefer that, in all these respects, they should be entirely independent of the whites, not subject to their control or influence, farther than is necessary for their mutual harmony and profit. The colored people of North Carolina are willing and anxious to try the experiment—to put the matter fully to the test, whether or not the black race is capable of rising to the elevation of the whites, aided, it is true, by them, but unobstructed in their progress by the controlling good or bad influences of the white race. We believe there is wisdom in this idea. We say that the colored people of North Carolina do not endorse Judge Kelley's ideas. There is not an intelligent, virtuous colored man or woman in the State, who does not oppose and abominate all approaches to, or tendencies in the direction of, amalgamation or miscegenation. Is there a white man who favors it? If so, let him speak out.

H. O. A.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald* says:

"It has been ascertained that there is a secret political Union organization of great strength in the western part of North Carolina and upper part of South Carolina, with smaller membership in other parts of those States. There are branches or divisions in nearly every other precinct of many counties. The members are all white persons and pledged to oppose the return to power of those who favored the rebellion."

The secret political organization alluded to is that of the Red Strings or Heroes of America. Its members are not all white persons, but blacks are either indiscriminately admitted, or are encouraged to form branches of the same order. They are bound by the most fearful oaths to carry out the designs and promote the objects of the society. We are in possession of the ceremony of initiation, the first and second "degrees of Knighthood," the President's "charge of the Knights," &c., which we will publish at some proper time. The society was organized during the war, but the principal features of its ritual have been retained. There never could, under *any* circumstances, have been a necessity for such an organization, bound by such frightful obligations; but, in a time of peace, such a secret league is dangerous to the lives and liberties of the people.

ARTEMUS WARD said, in one of his letters to the London *Punch*, that his ancestors all came over in the May-Flower,—that they fled from a land of oppression and religious bigotry to a land of freedom, where "they could not only enjoy their own religious opinions, *but prevent every other man from enjoying his'n!*"

The manner in which the Civil Rights Bill is executed, in certain quarters, reminds us very much of this kind of liberty.

THAD. STEVENS has written another letter on confiscation, which will be found in another column. His physicians tell him he must not get excited. So he waxes only a *little* angry this time,—goes in for a small confiscation,—and breaks off abruptly for fear that he may induced to disregard the admonitions of the "medical man." Take good care of your health, Thad.,—that's a "grand old man."

RECONSTRUCTION IN VIRGINIA.

We confess that among the variety of opinions, platforms and resolutions which have been expressed or drawn up at the various meetings which have been held in the South, where white and black citizens have participated indiscriminately, we have seen but few which, to our minds, seemed to meet the case fully, in view of the suddenness of the change in the relations of the two races, and which appeared to look carefully to the future well-being and harmony of both. While we are ready to accord to all freemen, of whatever color, equal civil and political rights,—everything essential to the protection of life, liberty and property to all men, and the elevation of both races,—we are *not* ready to favor such an admixture and close combination of the races as would tend to destroy all the distinctions of virtue, gentility and propriety in society, to terminate in a few years in practical and universal miscegenation. We are *not* ready to consent that Southern society shall be Mexicanized, nor are we ready to favor, in *any* degree, the debasing and ruinously levelling principles of Wendell Phillips and his adherents. The white people of the Northern States, because the colored population is so sparse, are in no danger from these results, unless they *prefer* them, and, with all their professed sympathy for the colored race, intelligent and virtuous society in the North has, up to this period, steadily resisted them. But the indoctrination of the South with these principles would produce entirely different results.

The following resolutions, adopted recently at Clarksville, Va., where the meeting was composed of both races, but having been called by the whites, was very properly presided over by white officers, come nearer meeting our views of propriety, than any that we have seen. Where meetings are called by colored persons, there is a manifest propriety in their being presided over by colored persons, but when called by whites, the officers should be whites. The resolutions are as follows:

I. *Resolved*, That the execution of the plan of reconstruction proposed to the people of the unrepresented States by Congress, in the act known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill, is regarded by us as a condition precedent to the admission of their representatives into Congress. Therefore, we do hereby accept the proposed terms and conditions, and pledge ourselves to carry them out in good faith.

II. *Resolved*, That we understand said terms and conditions to exact of the people of said States, in substance, the following requirements, to *wit*:

1. That the people in said States, in Convention, convened in such manner and composed of such persons as are prescribed in the fifth section of said act, shall form a State Constitution in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects.

2. It shall be provided in said Constitution that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualification of voters prescribed in said act.

3. That the Legislature, elected under said Constitution, shall adopt the amendment of the Constitution of the United States, known as article fourteen.

III. *Resolved*, That in choosing a delegate to the Convention to be held to form a Constitution, we shall endeavor to select one who will carry out the pledge made in the foregoing resolution.

IV. *Resolved*, That a faithful compliance with the pledge made renders it proper that the colored men of the county should be courteously admitted to our political meetings; we, therefore, on the part of the whites, extend to them an invitation to do so in future, and freely to express their wishes, and engage in our discussions and deliberations, assuring them that they shall be treated with kindness and consideration.

THE PHILADELPHIA *Press*, speaking of the recent disturbances at Mobile, says:

"The attack on Judge Kelly was premeditated, systematic, and conducted by an organized and well-disciplined force. The rebels, at the word of command, advanced in line, firing and yelling just as at Perryville or Gettysburg. So far as known, three men are killed, and many more are wounded. This defiant violation of law is only the old, old story of the South."

Gen. Swayne, who was directed by Gen. Pope, commanding the District, to investigate the causes and facts of the riot, in his official report remarks:

"So far as I can learn, the disturbance was not apprehended or deliberately planned, unless possibly by a small party of ruffians, such as are usually found in cities. Nor do I find that after it was commenced it was participated in by a large number of persons, but that, on the contrary, the scene was hastily abandoned, except by the police and by such parties of freedmen as gathered together for defence or from confusion or excitement."

TAXATION OF THE PEOPLE.—When such journals as *Harper's Weekly* find fault with the action of the Radical party, it is time the people began to look at facts as they are, and not to be led captive by their passions and prejudices. After declaring that "the great and paramount question of the day will soon be the debt and taxation of the people," that paper says:

"We cannot help thinking, and saying, too, in strict confidence to the readers of this journal, that stupid, and dull, and voiceless as the public may be, he has some rights which politicians will, sooner or later, have to recognize. He is now paying taxes at the rate of seven per cent. more than is paid by the most heavily taxed people of Europe, and at the same time he is paying for commodities of all kinds, and labor, fifty-five and one hundred per cent. more than any other people in the world. In England the taxes are heavy, no doubt, but food, clothing, and rent are cheap. In Russia living is expensive, but the taxes are light; but here in the United States the public groans under the simultaneous burden of heavy taxes and expensive living. We have a notion that, sooner or later, he will rebel against this load, and that the party that laid it on his shoulders will itself be laid pretty low."

When to all this is added the fact that ten of the States, and eight millions of the people, thus oppressively taxed, are allowed no voice in framing the laws, the picture becomes more striking. Have we a Republic?

VISITOR TO WEST POINT.—We are pleased to learn that the President has appointed Prof. W. C. Kerr, State Geologist, one of the Visitors to West Point, at the annual examination which takes place in June.

THE STANDARD ON NEGRO SUFFRAGE.

"CONSPICUOUS UNION LANDMARKS."—"UNQUALIFIED OPPOSITION TO WHAT IS CALLED NEGRO-SUFFRAGE.—*Standard*, '65."

"Negro suffrage is the deadest thing in the United States, with the exception of secession. While the revolted States were engaged, under the liberal policy of President Johnson, in settling this question for themselves, Connecticut has set them a good example by rejecting negro suffrage by six thousand majority. Henceforth sectionalism dies, and the Union will be all in all.—We predict that a *great national Union party*, composed of the best elements of the old parties, will rally around President Johnson, and will sweep away everything that opposes it. Gov. Holden is inseparably associated with this great movement. He has the full confidence of the President. To oppose and thwart him while he is doing all he can for the cause of the Union and the good of the old State, is to oppose and thwart the President himself, *who is proving himself on just principles the best friend that North Carolina ever had.*"—*Standard*, Oct. 12, 1865.

CONFISCATION AGAIN—STEVENS GETTING EXCITED—ANOTHER LETTER.

LANCASTER, PA., May 20, 1867.

Dear Sir: Short as your letter is, I fear I cannot answer it without violating an injunction of my medical adviser not to suffer myself to become excited. You live in a region which was two or three times invaded by the armies of Jefferson Davis. In the counties of Bedford, Fulton, Franklin, Cumberland, Adams and York they visited almost every farmer and other inhabitant, and plundered them of their horses, cattle, provisions, wagons and money when found, besides some detached cases. They lay in ashes one thriving village of 6,000 people, and turned the inhabitants houseless into the streets to seek shelter in fence-corners. No provision has ever been made, or is making, to reimburse the plundered citizens. By the law of nations, a government makes no compensation for damages done by an invading army, unless such government is victorious, when it always provides by treaty for the payment by the vanquished enemy. A government which neglects to make such provision on behalf of its plundered citizens is basely negligent of its duty.

A *quasi* peace exists between the late belligerents, the terms of which are dictated by Congress, which is under the control of the Republican party. Nothing but the proceeds of the confiscation of a small portion of the property of the wealthy rebels can be applied to pay the damages inflicted by these marauders, unless it be paid out of the treasury of the United States. A few republican meteors, always erratic in their course, are flitting through and exploding in the Republican atmosphere. They attract sufficient attention to enable them to assure the amiable rebels who inflicted this injury that they need fear no confiscation—that nobody of any note in the North is in favor of imposing such punishment for the sake of remuneration or justice. They assure them that nothing shall be taken from Aiken's estate of millions—from Hampton, Davis, Orr, Faulkner, or from a thousand others, who are still worth their hundreds of thousands, to reimburse the loyal men North and South who were plundered of their estates, and to aid your poor neighbors to rebuild their humble tenements.

It is scarcely to be endured that Congress for two sessions should sit indifferent to these sufferings, and take no steps to enforce these rights.

These remarks apply to a large portion of Maryland, of West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, and Missouri, as well as to the slave States. He who can patiently listen to that putrid humanity which we now see propagated, has more command of himself than I have. Indeed, it looks as if we were still to add to the burden of our taxation to defray the expenses and the ovation of triumphant traitors. But I must stop, or I shall commit the fault against which I have been warned. With great respect, your obedient servant, THADDEUS STEVENS.

BOOTH'S DIARY.

The most probable explanation of the false mystery that has been thrown over this whole matter is, that after Secretary Stanton and Judge Holt, misled by the perjurer Conover, had adopted the theory that Davis was in the plot, and had induced the President to offer a reward for his apprehension as an assassin, the pride of consistency and unwillingness to correct a mistake, which prompts to a large share of human follies, induced them to maintain their first theory after they were convinced that it could not be true.

One false step in this direction made others necessary, and the mystery has been cultivated and amplified in various ways, until a great many people supposed there must be some reality behind it. The peremptory order of the President for the publication of Booth's diary, against the wishes of Secretary Stanton and Judge Advocate Holt, pricks the bubble, and it collapses and disappears altogether.

The only other point made clear by the publication of Booth's diary is, that he was a decided monomaniac, if not utterly insane. If the article he says he left for publication in the *National Intelligencer* could be found, it would doubtless strengthen this conviction.—*Springfield (Mass.) Republican.*

Were Stanton and Holt "misled" by Conover's fabrications? Is it not morally certain that Conover was bribed by somebody to commit his perjuries? Who did the bribing? Who now keeps him from the Penitentiary, to which he was sentenced two or three months ago? What has become of what Booth wrote for the *National Intelligencer*? The editors of the paper have sworn that it never came to their hands. Is it not probable that Stanton and Holt are concealing that paper, also, as they have done for two years the diary?—*Richmond Whig.*

THE FRUITS OF HORACE GREELY'S AND GERRIT SMITH'S SPEECHES.—We have it from a gentleman largely engaged in real estate sales in this city that he has noticed that since Horace Greely and Gerrit Smith spoke against confiscation in the African Church, more negroes have applied to him (our informant) for small places to purchase than has been the case for a long time. In fact, he says that for a long time prior to the speeches referred to no applications were made to him on the subject at all, but since those speeches were made very many enquiries have been made of him. This shows that some of the negroes have been brought to their senses by the speeches referred to.—*Richmond Whig.*

THE GRATUITIES OF THE PRESS.—Gen. Echols said in a railroad meeting the other day, that "the press of the State rendered more labor for smaller compensation to the railroads than any other class in the State." General Echols is a sensible gentleman, and states only a fact; yet we have railroads who give out their advertisements, apparently, with a more grudging spirit, than is evinced in the management of any other department. We suppose the press can stand it, if the railroads can!—*Norfolk Journal.*

We learned yesterday that one of the recently appointed registrars from this county has been making sensation speeches to the freedmen in the neighboring county, in which he sets forth to them that if they vote the Radical ticket the lands of the Southern people will be confiscated for their benefit. —*Vicksburg Times, 16th.*

A Connecticut man was arrested at Pittsfield on Wednesday, charged with eloping and living in criminal connection with his stepmother. The matter was compromised by the son's paying the father $50 and a silver watch, and retaining the woman.

The average depth of the Atlantic ocean is estimated at 25,000 feet, and of the Pacific at 20,000. The deepest water in the Atlantic is off the island of St. Helena, which has been sounded 37,000 feet, or over five miles.

Besides the old and new schools, another branch of the Presbyterian family, the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, has passed resolutions favoring a union of all the Presbyterian bodies, and, for maturing this plan, has called a general Presbyterian Convention, which is to meet this Fall.

A jet of vapor of ether is now thrown upon parts subjected to surgical operations, by an instrument made for the purpose, producing insensibility of the part in from two to four seconds. The patient becomes a spectator—"merely this and nothing more."

Professor S. F. B. Morse, the inventor of the telegraph, is now residing with his family at Paris. His health is good, and he is busily engaged upon a history of the telegraph.

First regular toast for the next Fourth of July celebration:

The Constitution of the United States. "Though lost to sight to memory dear." Music—"Auld Lang Syne."

AN EYE TO BUSINESS.—A Yankee Captain was caught in the jaws of a whale, but was finally rescued, badly wounded. On being asked what he thought while in the situation he replied: 'I though the would make about forty barrels."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING!

YOUTH'S CLOTHING!

BOYS' CLOTHING!

PRICES LESS THAN IN 1860!

FABRICS AS RELIABLE!

WORKMANSHIP the same! UNEQUALED in Cut! We can sell a *Suit of Clothes for less money than the Cloth and Trimmings will Cost!* bought at retail.

CALL AND SEE OUR

NEW STOCK OF SUMMER CLOTHING.

Dress Frocks, Sacks, Vests, Pants, &c.,

AT

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

Successors to E. L. HARDING.

June 1-252-1m

JUST RECEIVED,

A handsome lot of BOYS' CLOTHING.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

June 1-252-1m

READ THE FOLLOWING CONCERNING

FOWLING PIECES.

MANY PERSONS SEEM UNCERTAIN AS to the construction of Gen. Sickles' order against carrying "deadly weapons," and are afraid to hunt squirrels, &c. We are assured by an officer on the General's staff, that the order is only intended to prohibit the too common practice of carrying concealed weapons upon the person, and to check the lawlessness so prevalent in certain sections of the country.—*Union-Register.*

At the suggestion of numerous friends, we have ordered a few

EXCELLENT SHOT GUNS!

Which we will sell at a small advance on the manufacturer's price

Call and see the article at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.

Clothing and Furnishing Store.

Raleigh, June 1-253-1m

M. GRAUSMAN'S

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Next to Tucker's Hall.

SPRING AND SUMMER FASHIONS,

1867.

I HAVE A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED stock of Spring and Summer Goods, of first quality, consisting of

FRENCH, ENGLISH AND GERMAN BROADCLOTHS, COATINGS, VESTINGS, CASSIMERS, DOESKINS, LINENS,

&c., &c., &c.,

and am prepared to make to order any garment wanted, as cheap as it can be obtained in any Merchant Tailoring Establishment in New York, and in a style which cannot be surpassed in the United States. I employ only the best Cutters and Workmen, and guarantee satisfaction to all, who favor me with their patronage.

My Stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,

And Gentlemen's Furnishing GOODS,

will be sold at lower prices than any goods of like quantity in the City.

NEW ARRIVALS TWICE EVERY WEEK.

M. GRAUSMAN.

June 1-253-2w

GREENBRIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

WILL BE OPENED 1ST. OF JUNE, 1867.

The popular and far-famed WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, in Greenbrier county, West Virginia, will be open the ensuing season for the accommodation of a large number of visitors, and will be kept in the best style by the Lessees, GEORGE L. PEYTON & CO., assisted by WILLIAM H. PEYTON, brother of the principal, both of whom are experienced hotel-keepers.

Near the White Sulphur is an excellent Chalybeate Spring.

Rosenberger's celebrated BRASS AND STRING BAND of Baltimore has been engaged for the season.

The rights of parties owning Cottages at these Springs will be respected upon their giving timely notice to the lessees of their purpose to occupy them.

The railroad will be completed to Covington by 1st. July; from thence to the Springs by stage, and a sufficiency of coaches will be provided to ensure comfort to passengers, as not over ten will go upon a single coach.

Cholera is unknown in the regions of the White Sulphur Springs.

GEO L. PEYTON & CO.

June 1-252-6w

COLLEGE COMMENCEMENTS.

OFFICE NORTH CAROLINA R. R. CO., COMPANY SHOPS, N. C. May 28, 1867.

VISITORS TO CHAPEL HILL, TRINITY AND Thomasville Female College Commencements, and to Raleigh, when the President visits the City, will go and return for one fare.

Tickets must be purchased. When payment is made on the Train, full fare both ways will be collected.

JAMES ANDERSON,

May 30-250-4J10 Sup't.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ætna Life Insurance Company.

THE ÆTNA LIFE PRESENTS THE MOST signal example of American progress and accumulative energy. Every branch and department of the institution appears to be replete with the most active vitality and growth, and the rapidity of its advancement is so great that it promises to eclipse all its competitors and to become, if it is not already, the first Life Insurance Company of America.

How nearly these presages are already accomplished and how certain they are of complete and speedy fulfilment, may be gathered from the following facts. In 1861 it issued 389 policies, the premiums amounting to but $79,533.67. Since that period its growth has been something altogether unprecedented in the history of Life Insurance, its business having been annually doubled, tripled, and, on one occasion, almost quadrupled, till it has culminated in the yearly issue of over fourteen thousand policies, insuring over forty million dollars, at the same time that it was the recipient of the annual revenue of over Three and a Half Millions of Dollars.

It accordingly appears that the Ætna Life insured last year, with one exception, the largest number of persons of any Company in the United States, and even as to amount insured it is surpassed by only two Companies, and it is probable that it would not have been excelled by them in this respect, if it were not deemed incompatible with its permanent interests to grant a single policy for a sum exceeding ten thousand dollars; for, although so remarkably progressive, the Ætna's course has always been equally prudent, safe and conservative. But certainly in its increase of business in 1866 over that of 1865, including the issue of policies, amount insured, and total income, when its position and that of other Companies at the commencement of last year are duly considered, it must be regarded, beyond comparison, as the most successful of all. The present year witnesses no abatement of this youthful vigor and growth. On the contrary, we learn that the Company's increase of business in 1867 is nearly double that of the corresponding months of 1866. The realization of the avowed purpose of the management of the Ætna Life to make their Company the first, largest and best in the Union, appears therefore to have become a part of the "manifest destiny of the nation."

It must be admitted that there is something truly inspiring in the contemplation of the noble achievements of this Company; for although the material progress it has made is measurable by the actuary, the good it has done and the good it is yet destined to accomplish, transcend the calculation of all but Omniscience. The battle's victory, the triumph of material art and science are less glorious than the conquests of genius and philanthropy, of which Life Insurance is perhaps the most perfect emanation. In all countries and in all times the widow and orphan have been regarded as special objects of solicitude and bounty by the good and great, and even in the dark ages, the dauntless and true knight added a crowning lustre to his fame by affording them relief and protection. Yet never until now—never until the complete establishment of Life Insurance, have the widow, orphan, and such dependants been justly, sufficiently, liberally and honorably provided for, and a Company like the Ætna Life, that takes the lead in this most beneficent work, is therefore deserving of all honor, praise and encouragement.

There is yet one feature peculiar to the Ætna Life entitled to especial commendation and that is its economy. In this regard, notwithstanding its activity, youth, growth, and amount of new business, it presents a remarkable exception, and the skill and care of its President, E. A. Bulkeley, Esq., and its zealous and able Secretary, T. O'Enders, Esq., are manifested in the success which has attended their efforts to unite in their management the qualities of extraordinary efficiency and strict economy. The ratio of the Ætna's expenses to premium and total income is lower than that of the Mutual Life, its Titanic rival, and, under the latter heading, less than that of the Connecticut Mutual, notwithstanding the advantages possessed by these companies in their great accumulation of many years' business; but, although the ratio of the Ætna's disbursements is now considerably below the general average, it might have been reduced below that of any but for its generous, and in many instances, most landable practice of paying claims before maturity. It keeps no orphan or widow waiting for her insurance money, even when not yet legally payable. It consults the spirit and design of the institution rather than the policy of preparing materials for an attractive exhibit. This genial benevolence and liberal dealing render the company a great favorite with the public.

Similar commendation might be justly extended to its other popular features and reforms, including its non-forfeiture policies, its helpful credit given during the continuance of policy, its equitable division of all the profits among the insured, except the six per cent. on the stock capital, and its excellent and productive dividend system. The last feature has afforded great satisfaction to its members, for its dividend which "is paid two years from date of policy and annually thereafter on the amount of premium," has this year, and for several years past, amounted to 50 per cent., and is paid promptly in the same year it is declared in cash on cash policies, or applied to the credit of those who have received credit.—We should, however, exceed the space to which we are restricted, if we were to enumerate the special advantages enjoyed by the members of the Ætna Life, who now number over thirty thousand, and who seem to fully appreciate their privileges, for they are the company's voluntary and in many instances most efficient agents, and assist in spreading its benefits with an earnestness and cordiality which speak well for their benevolence and volumes for the institution itself.

The Ætna Life is one of our soundest and safest Life corporations. It has over five million dollars securely invested, and a million dollars surplus above all liabilities, including the full value of all its existing policies. From every point of view this great Company displays features of special merit and unusual excellence; and if the prediction that its issue of policies during this year will amount to twenty-two thousand and its receipts to seven million dollars, should be fulfilled, it will get no more than its due—no more than the best friends of Life Insurance and of humanity (for they are identical) sincerely trust it will obtain and employ, as hitherto, to the advancement and elevation of society and eventually to the grateful relief and honorable maintenance of the widows and orphans of the provident and true hearted.

W. H. CROW, Gen'l. Agent, Raleigh.

DR. W. H. MCKEE, Examining Physician.

June 1-252-5t.

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR, GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS, MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, *via* stages.

HOT SPRINGS, HEALING SPRINGS, and BATH ALUM SPRINGS, BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS, ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS, (FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route *via* Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route *via* Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS, BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-1m*

GRAIN CRADLES.

Just received a supply of Sinclair's Patent 5 and 6 finger Grain Cradles—the very best make out. Orders solicited at once.

JAMES M. TOWLES.

May 28-1f Agent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IRISH POTATOES.

5 bbls. Jackson Whites, (selected for family use,) received to-day by

DOUGLAS BELL.

May 31-251-1f

YEAST POWDERS.

Another lot of Warren's "celebrated" Yeast Powders, received to-day by

DOUGLAS BELL.

May 31-251-1f

LIME, LIME.

A new consignment of 180 Barrels Fresh Burnt Limp Lime to arrive and will be sold very low if taken in quantity at the North Carolina Depot.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Commission Merchant

May 31-251-1w

FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!

Seventy Sacks of North Carolina FLOUR, from $7 to $9 per sack. In store and for sale by

R. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

my 20-230-1f

POSTPONED TO JUNE 17.

GRAND CHARITABLE

PRESENTATION CONCERT.

—IN AID OF THE—

SOUTHERN ORPHAN ASSOCIATION.

(Incorporated by the Legislature of Virginia, January 30, 1867.)

TO BE GIVEN AT THE

MARYLAND INSTITUTE,

BALTIMORE,

JUNE 17th. 1867.

THE PROFITS OF THIS CONCERT WILL BE GIVEN TO THE SOUTHERN ORPHANS' ASSOCIATION, TO THEIR SUBJOINED ADDRESS FROM THE OFFICERS OF WHICH, WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC.

The officers of the Southern Orphans' Association, for the maintenance and education of the destitute orphans of deceased Southern soldiers and sailors, earnestly solicit the sympathy and co-operation in our

GRAND PRESENTATION CONCERT

OF ALL WHO DESIRE TO SEE THE

"HOME AND SCHOOL"

Enabled to receive and care for all the needy ones who seek its shelter and protection.

It is the design of this Association to erect a

"HOME AND SCHOOL"

for the Orphans of the South, both male and female, on an extensive scale, in the city of Richmond, Va. As an inducement to have the building located there, the Common Council of that city have guaranteed a sufficient lot of land, in an elevated and healthful location, and will increase the quantity of land if needed.

It is with a confident hope in a favorable response to this appeal to a public which has never yet failed to sustain a charitable institution, that we have entered into an arrangement with Messrs. L. T. Palmer & Co., No. 13 Holliday street, Baltimore, to organize a Grand Musical Presentation Concert for its benefit, and earnestly solicit the kindly aid and patronage of the public to ensure its success.

It may seem unnecessary to add a single word to the above address, but calls upon the Institution have been so numerous and pressing, and the struggle through which it is now passing to widen the circle of its charities, is of such an arduous nature that the management cannot too strongly urge upon the

HUMANE AND PATHETIC

everywhere an active participation in this additional attempt to alleviate the sad condition of great numbers of helpless children, rendered thus by the terrible war through which we have passed. And, assuredly, whatever may have been the relative political views of ladies and gentlemen heretofore, all must agree that the children referred to could not, by any possibility, have had any agency in bringing about their present

DEPLORABLE AND DESTITUTE CONDITION

and are suitable objects for the charity of all persons of whatever shade of political opinion. The

"HOME AND SCHOOL"

which they now more particularly seek to establish and endow, will be of incalculable benefit by providing not only food and raiment for these helpless ones, but likewise solid and thorough education, thus qualifying them for

FUTURE USEFULNESS

TO SOCIETY AT LARGE.

In order that this appeal may be effectual in enlisting the active interest and co-operation of all classes of persons everywhere, we have determined to issue for the GRAND

PRESENTATION MUSICAL CONCERT

500,000 tickets at the nominal price of $1 each—a single ticket entitling the purchaser to a gift—there being one gift to every ticket. The gifts are as follows:

An elegant Farm of 211 acres, improved with extensive dwellings and outbuildings, saw and grist mill, making the property invaluable	$80,000
A gift of $10,000 in gold, valued at	13,500
A Farm of 10 acres, highly improved near the city of Baltimore	10,000
A gift in Greenbacks	5,000
A three-story Brick House, with modern improvements, in Baltimore	5,000
A three-story Brick House, with modern improvements, in Baltimore	4,500
A two-story Brick House, with modern improvements, in Baltimore	3,000
Two gifts in Greenbacks, $1,000 each	2,000
Ten gifts in Greenbacks, $500 each	5,000
Fifty gifts in Greenbacks, $100 each	5,000
One hundred gifts in Greenbacks, $50 each	5,000
One Grand Piano	1,500
One Grand Piano	1,000
Two square Pianos, $500 each	1,000
Ten Parlor Organs, $150 each	1,500
One hundred Gent's Gold Watches, $150 each	15,000
One Hundred Ladies' Gold Watches, $100 each	10,000
Fifty Silver Plated Tea Sets, $75 each	3,750
One Hundred Elliptic Sewing Machines, $75 each	7,500
One Hundred Gent's Silver Watches, $65 each	6,500
One Hundred Ladies' Fine Gold Chains and Pins, $40 each	4,000
Two Hundred Oil Paintings, $20 each	4,000
Five Hundred Bibles, $20 each	10,000
Two Thousand copies Pollard's Southern History, $5	10,000
Two Thousand Photographic Albums, $5	10,000
Two Thousand Fine Gold Pens, in cases, $5	10,000

The balance consists of the following articles:

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
MUSIC BOXES,
LADIES' WORK BOXES,
LADIES' and GENT'S GLOVES,
LADIES' and GENT'S RIDING WHIPS, OPERA GLASSES,
OFFICE AND PARLOR FURNITURE,
WRITING DESKS,
BLACK WALNUT FRAMES,
ENGRAVINGS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

The whole amounting to an aggregate of

500,000 VALUABLE GIFTS.

PLAN OF DRAWING.

Duplicate numbers from 1 to 500,000 are placed in a wheel; the 1st. number (when drawn out,) draws the highest or first

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1867.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—We need not add anything to the article in our advertising columns, from the "Wall Street Review," setting forth the importance of life insurance and the claims of the Etna Company, of which W. H. Crow, Esq., of this city, is the General Agent for North Carolina. Read it.

Mitchell, Allen & Co., 22 Pollok St., Newbern, continue to present the claims of their great Agricultural and Mechanical Ware-House.

R. B. Andrews & Co., Fayetteville Street, announce a splendid lot of clothing and gentlemen's furnishing goods, at lower rates than ever before. Visitors to the city will do well to give this house a call.

The same firm have on hand a small lot of superior shot-guns.

See the announcement of M. Grausman, Merchant Tailor. He has the most choice and elegant fabrics and makes them up in A No. 1. style.

We invite the attention of the seekers after health and pleasure to the announcement of the proprietors of the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs, Virginia. These springs have been put in thorough order, and hold out the same attractions which were so eagerly sought before the war.

Visitors to the Commencement at Thomasville Female College, and to Raleigh, on the occasion of the President's visit, will be transported over the North Carolina Railroad at half fare. The same announcement has heretofore been made with respect to Chapel Hill and Trinity.

RAILROAD MEETING.—An adjourned meeting of the citizens of Guilford is called for the 27th of June, for the purpose of taking into consideration the charter granted for the extension of the Western or Coal Fields Railroad from Egypt, in Chatham County, to some point on the North Carolina Railroad, and further West.

EXCURSION.—The teachers and children attached to the Presbyterian Sunday School went on a pleasure excursion down the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, on yesterday.

BAPTIST CONCERT.—Having been prevented from attending, we were in hopes that some one would have furnished us an account of the Concert given by the children of the Baptist Sunday School, on Thursday night. We learn that the evening passed off pleasantly and creditably.

"FORESTERS" vs. "STONEWALLS."—We have received a communication from a member of the Forest Base Ball club, objecting to the statement that its victory over the "Stonewalls," of this City, was owing to the fact that the "pitcher" of the latter was ruled out. The challenge, he says, was accepted on the ground that slow balls should be pitched; and he adds that their triumph would have been more complete, but for the reason that they have had but short experience, were ignorant of certain changes in the Regulations, and had some of their best players disabled at an early stage of the game.

By the way, we are sorry to see that these friendly competitions among our young folks eventuate, in almost every instance, in *unfriendly* results. Better discontinue them altogether than that such should be the case.

THE FIRST water-melon of the season made its appearance in Newbern on Wednesday last.

ONE MAJOR J. E. TATTEN, formerly of the Federal army, addressed the freedmen of Wilson a few days since. He made a violent Radical speech. This is the same man, who, a few months back, proposed to the watchman of the Railroad Company, at Weldon, to go into "cahoot" and rob the company's ware-house!

A terrible affair occurred on Tuesday, in Madison, Indiana. Preston Christie and James McClelland, both old men, became involved in a lawsuit about a sale of corn. The parties met, and McClelland asked for a private settlement of the trouble. Christie made an evasive answer, when McClellan drew a revolver and shot the former through the breast, inflicting a wound which caused death next day. McClelland, on returning home after the fatal encounter, seemed so overcome with remorse that he shot himself through the breast with the same pistol. His wound also was mortal, and he died the following day.

General Sheridan has issued an order extending the time of registration in Louisiana to the 20th of June.

[From the Nashville Banner, 31st.]

BROWNLOW'S PETS OFF FOR THE "FRONT."

A company of "Brownlow's Pets" as they styled themselves, about 64 strong, reached the city yesterday from Bradley County, E. T., where they were organized and equipped. They soon dispersed through the city, the majority going by instinct, as it were, to the Jungular regions. Their destination being Brownsville, transportation on the E. and Ky. road had been secured, but when the hour for the departure of the train arrived, the officers, who seemed to be uncommonly green, had considerable difficulty in getting them together. As they marched to the depot they yelled for Brownlow and conducted themselves in a very disorderly manner.

All but four or five were boys between 17 and 20 years of age, apparently of that lazy, shiftless class who hang around the groggeries of small country towns. We saw no signs of discipline whatever. Their step was uneven and shuffling, and the style of carrying their guns decidedly unmilitary.

We heard one desperate looking stripling declare that he wasn't afraid to die, and intended to steal, "right and left," from all who were not for Brownlow.

The citizens offered to bet one of the mellish $20 that Etheridge would be elected. A drunken lieutenant swore that no man should bet for Ethridge, and ordered a guard to arrest the traitors. Marshal Steele directed Gen. Jim. Brownlow's attention to the matter, who effectually squelched the upstart by "ordering" him and his guard back to the cars.

ETHERIDGE AND STOKES.—A great mass meeting at Clarksville, Tennessee, was addressed on Thursday afternoon by Emerson Etheridge and W. B. Stokes. One-third of the audience were negroes, yet Etheridge so artistically skinned old Brownlow that the darkies applauded as enthusiastically as the whites. If they vote for Brownlow, after hearing the extracts which Etheridge reads from the old wretch's frantic pro-slavery utterances of by-gone days, their action will indeed be matter of wonder.—To Stokes' appeal to them against rebel influence, Etheridge replied by showing that the Brownlow dynasty is composed mainly of renegade rebels—a set of men who have shown themselves ready to join any cause and betray it to promote their selfish ends. Etheridge is bearing himself nobly in the canvass, and portrays with the thrilling touches of a master hand the moral monsters who have shocked the world with their hideous atrocities in Tennessee. Good people everywhere are praying for his success, and only the demons of discord and the most abandoned class of political wreckers desire old Brownlow to have charge of the ship to dash it upon the breakers.—*Louisville Courier.*

PRESIDENT JOHNSON IN RICHMOND—WHEN HE ARRIVES—HOW LONG HE STOPS. By telegram received yesterday from Washington, we learn that President Johnson will leave that city on Sunday morning next on one of the Aquia Creek steamers, and will arrive in this city at 1½ P. M. by the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac railroad. Rooms have been prepared for his reception at the Spottswood Hotel, where he will remain during Sunday night, taking the early moring train for Petersburg *en route* for Raleigh.

He will be met at the depot by the committee of reception of the City Council, the Mayor of the city, General Schofield and staff, and others. Although the day will be inappropriate for any formal popular demonstration, there will yet be a large turn-out of our citizens. It is understood that a committee of the Council will meet the President at Aquia creek and accompany him to the city.—*Rich. Dispatch, 30th.*

AID FOR THE SOUTH.—The State Relief Commissioners have forwarded up to this date as follows: To North Carolina, 5,150 bushels corn, 25 barrels flour, 40,496 pounds bacon, $2,500 in cash. To South Carolina, 15,002 bushels corn, 49,692 pounds bacon. To Georgia, 11,589 bushels corn, 35,000 lbs. bacon. To Alabama, 14,864 bushels corn, 9,853 pounds bacon. Arrangements have been made by which $10,000 will be invested in corn and bacon in New Orleans, for distributing in the flooded portions of Louisiana and Mississippi. The distribution is made by county committees who are appointed by relief commissioners selected by the Governors of the States. The plan is found to work well, except that each county thinks its proportion too small, in view of its necessities. Further shipments will be made as fast as the commissioners can obtain the means.—*Balt. Sun.*

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE INVITED HOME.—A lady in this city has received a letter from Hon. Horace Greeley, written a few days since, as we are confidently assured, enclosing a letter to be sent to John C. Breckinridge, urging him to return to America and go to work, notwithstanding what the fools may say about him. We have this from a reliable source, and simply give it as a news item, without comment.—*Washington Republican.*

Kansas is rapidly growing in population.—Leavenworth is now a city of 30,000 inhabitants; Lawrence of 8,000 or 10,000; Topeka, the capital, 3,000. Manhattan is a thriving town, and Salina is the present termination of the Pacific railroad. The population of Kansas is estimated to be about 250,000.

DECIDEDLY COOL.—It is stated that a Northern man, who got possession of a confiscated plantation in Florida, sought information from its old owner as to the proper means of cultivating it. This actually equals the case of the Chinaman who stole a gentleman's watch and brought it back to him the next day to learn how to wind it up.

There is much excitement in certain portions of Texas over recent discoveries of gold and copper on the Western frontiers. Not floating adventures alone, but stable citizens, are leaving their farms and families and hurrying away to the new El Dorado.

Colored emigration is expected in Arkansas the present year. Nearly two hundred from Georgia will locate on Government land under the homestead law next Autumn.

The Florida correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* says that Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe has 300 acres of land near Jacksonville, which she plants with orange orchards. She has been offered twice its cost.

The Czar of Russia has received a tender from the United States government to sell the monitor Miantomoi, an iron-clad frigate, and two firstclass war cruisers, for his service, and was disposed to accept it.

Since the adjustment of the Luxemburg difficulty in London, the Eastern question has assumed more importance. It is said that an effort will be made to settle it by diplomatic negotiation.

MONTREAL, May 17.—Jeff. Davis, wife, children, and a dozen friends, attended St. George's church last night. Quite a rush was made, and a crowd collected at the door to see him.

A Yankee suggests that church spires should be painted by squirting up the coloring matter through a fire engine.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Friday Evening Dispatches.

THE MOBILE RIOT.

MOBILE, May 31.

In his official report concerning the riot Gen. Pope says: "Everybody apprehended disturbance during Kelly's speech." He censures the Mayor for not being present with an adequate force.

Gen. Swayne says the riot was unpremeditated.

Col. Shepherd says Mayor Withers is, in his opinion, the only man in the city qualified by disposition to temper his official acts with proper discretion.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, May 31, M.

Cotton market opens firm. Orleans 11¾. Middling 11¼.

NEW YORK, May 31, M.

Cotton a shade firmer. Uplands 27¼. Gold $1.37¼.

Saturday Morning Dispatches.

REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER SUPPRESSED.

MOBILE, May 31.

Yesterday's edition of the *National Republican* newspaper, of this city, was suppressed by order of the Commandant of the Post. A Guard was placed over the office, and its further publication prohibited until proof-sheets are submitted to the Commandant.

The order of suppression says that the paper has rendered itself amenable to the last paragraph of the general order of May 19, prohibiting the publication of articles inciting riot or violence, or the public use of incendiary language. The article referred to was one instructing the freedmen when and how to use fire-arms.

DECORATION OF GRAVES OF THE CONFEDERATE DEAD—MILITARY REVIEW—JUDGE KELLY.

RICHMOND, May 31.

To-day was observed by the ladies in decorating the graves of the Confederate dead. The stores were closed. There were about ten thousand persons at the Hollywood Cemetery.

Gen. Schofield reviewed the troops of this District this morning.

Judge Kelley arrived here to-night and leaves for the North to-morrow.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, May 31.

The President will attend the Boston Masonic celebration on June 21st.

Internal Revenue to-day $981,000.

Martina de Autas, the new Portuguese Minister, was presented to the President to-day.

The President leaves Richmond at 3 o'clock A. M. on Monday.

NEGRO POLICE.

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.

Mayor Heath has appointed two negroes on the police.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 31, P. M.

Cotton firmer. Sales 1800 bales, 97½. Flour dull. State $9,70@12,75. Southern lower $12,20@16,50. Corn steady. Western mixed new $1,18@1,25. Old $1,28@1,30. Pork heavy 31¾. Naval Stores firmer.

Turpentine 61½. Rosin $4@8.

Gold $1,36⅞.

BALTIMORE, May 31.

Cotton scarce. Middling Uplands 27@27½.

Coffee quiet. Choice Rio 18½@19.

Corn declined 3@5. White $1,12@1,13; Yellow $1,17@1,18. Mixed Western $1,10.

WILMINGTON, May 31.

Cotton 24. Spirits Turpentine dull, 51. Rosin steady, $5@6.

LIVERPOOL, May 31.

Cotton closed quiet, Uplands 11⅛@11¼. Orleans 11¼. Sales 20,000 bales.

Manchester advices favorable.

Arrangements having been completed for the reorganization of the Agricultural Department of the University of Georgia.

At General Lee's College, in Virginia, three hundred and ninety-nine students are in attendance. Virginia, Tennessee and Kentucky have the largest representation.

Rev. Mr. Beckwith is said to be undecided as to accepting the Bishopric of Georgia. His congregation have asked him to decline it.

Butler says Grant stole the term "bottled-up" from him. Butler's thefts were always of a more substantial kind.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
NEWBERN, N. C.
AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA
FOR
HORACE L. EMERY & SONS' PATENT UNIVERSAL Cotton Gins and Condensers, Lever and Railway Horse Powers;
Ingersoll's Cotton and Hay Presses.
The most improved Cotton Planters and Plows.
March 28—1t

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
STILL THEY COME AND GO!
NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPPLY of Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 5,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep *no time worn* or *shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

A. CREECH.

May 31-250-tf
Progress copy one week.

FANS! FANS!! FANS!!!
Warm weather has come at last, and, with it, **10,000** FANS OF ALL SIZES AND DESCRIPTIONS,
PAPERED, SILVERED, LINEN, FOLDING AND POCKET FANS.
We have bought out a Frenchman, who lately failed in New York, and we can now sell you a better Fan at 15c. than you ever bought before at 50c.
Call AND PROVOKE A SMILE.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
May 30-250-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	42
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	28
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	60
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	40
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	15
" Washington	6
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Cheraw	7
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	20
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	10
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	72
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	40
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Raleigh National Bank of North-Carolina.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	20
" Commerce	13
" Clarendon	2
" Fayetteville	5
" Lexington	10
" Lexington at Graham	20
" North Carolina	43
" Roxboro	40
" Thomasville	40
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	30
" Washington	8
" Yanceyville	7
Commercial at Wilmington	20
Farmers' Greensboro (Old)	25
Merchants', Newbern	50
Miners' and Planters'	30
Virginia Bank notes, average	25
South Carolina "	71
Georgia "	20
Gold	133
Silver	128
Old North Carolina Coupons (fundable)	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	85
North Carolina 6's	40
Exchange on New York, ¼.	

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER, RALEIGH N. C.

BACON	17@16
BEEF	14@20
BUTTER	40@50
COTTON	22@24
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	28@35
EGGS	20@00
DRIED FRUIT—Apples	$2 50@3 00
" " Peaches, per bu.	none
FOWLS	5@50
FLOUR—Family	15 00@17 00
" Superfine	13 00@14 50
LARD	15@20
MEAL	1 30@1 50
MOLASSES	60@70
NAILS	9@10
PEAS—White	1 25@1 35
" Stock	1 10@1 25
POTATOES—Irish	1 75@2 25
" Sweet	60@1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT	3 25@4 25
SUGAR—Crushed	18@22
" Brown best	15@17½
" Common Brown	12½@15

SPECIAL NOTICES

10 CASES GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS AT $4,00 a pair at
M. ROSENBAUM'S.
April 17-214-tf

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF ZEphyrs at 25 cts. per ounce at
M. ROSENBAUM'S.
April 17-214-tf

ALL THE LATEST STYLES GENT'S AND Boy's Hats at
M. ROSENBAUM'S.
April 17-214-tf

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychospetrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON,
P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y.
Apr 6-205-1ydaw

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21,
April 6-205-1ydaw TROY, N. Y.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS.
OPEN JUNE 1.

This favorite and delightful watering-place, having undergone thorough renovation, is prepared to receive visitors. The owners have made every effort in the outfit and equipment to render the place more than ever attractive to those in quest of recreation, while to the invalid its medicinal waters hold out new hopes of health. It may be confidently claimed for them t at they have in a great many cases relieved and in many more cases cured, the following diseases: SCROFULA, and many chronic CUTANEOUS diseases; CHRONIC THRUSH, BRONCHITIS, DISPEPSIA, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA, DROPSY, AFFECTIONS of KIDNEY and BLADDER, and PILES; and, in connection with the Hot Baths, CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

As an appetizer, a tonic, and general restorative to an enfeebled constitution, it is perhaps unrivalled amongst mineral waters. The proprietors have engaged for the approaching season

A VERY SUPERIOR BAND OF MUSIC,

both for the LAWN and the BALL-ROOM.

THE BILLIARD AND BOWLING SALOONS, both for ladies and gentlemen, will be found in more complete order than ever before.

From the very extensive preparations now making at all the leading Virginia Springs, a heavy travel is anticipated, and, we think, will be attracted. It shall be the aim of the undersigned to keep their establishment FULLY UP TO THE FORMER; and they hope to see a renewal of the social re-unions which in former years lent such a charm to these mountain retreats.

Passengers by the Virginia Central railroad get off the cars at GOSHEN Depot. Eight (8) miles of staging over a smooth road lands them at the Springs.

BOARD, $3.50 PER DAY; $80 PER MONTH.

We have secured the efficient services of Captain WILLIAM H. SALE, so long and favorably known to the public, in connection with these Springs.
FRAZIER & RANDOLPH, Proprietors.

PESCELL, LADD & Co., Richmond;
A. B. BUCKER, Lynchburg;
COLEMAN & ROGERS, Baltimore;
HEDEMAN & Co., New York;
Agents for sale of the Water and Mass or Salts.
May 25-246-6w

NEW CAROLINA RICE.
Just received by
DOUGLAS BELL,
May 30—tf Market Square.

DRY GOODS.

ARRIVED AT LAST.
T. Miles & Sons' fine French Calf Boots.
Fine French Calf Gaiters,
" " " Oxford Ties,
" " Lasting " "
Ladies Gaiters and Bootees,
Children's, Misses and Boys shoes and gaiters at
April 29-223-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

HATS! HATS!!
Fashionable Moleskin Hats.
" Silk, Fine felt "
" White " " "
Cashmere and Wool "
A large stock of Straw Hats, for boys and men, selling at reduced prices at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.
A beautiful stock of Parasols.
Umbrellas, small and large sizes, at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.
The largest and finest stock of Gents' Boots and Shoes that can be found in the city, at
G. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

BOOK STORES.

THE LAND WE LOVE,
For JUNE, just received at
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
May 21-242-tf

FANCY ENVELOPES AND PAPERS.
Just received at Fentress' Corner by
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
May 25-246-tf

MITCHELL'S GEOGRAPHY AND ATLAS.
Just to hand at Fentress' Corner.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
May 25-246-tf

REMOVED TO FENTRESS' CORNER,
NEXT DOOR TO TUCKER'S NEW HALL.
Call and see our new stock.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
my 17-238-tf

JUST RECEIVED, TO-DAY,
AT OUR NEW STORE.
Counting House Slates—best quality,
Common School " " "
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
my 17-238-tf

BAPTIST HYMNS.
Morocco, Sheep and Roan,
Just received at
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
May 21-244-tf

GOODRICH'S SCHOOL HISTORIES OF
FRANCE,
ENGLAND,
GREECE,
ROME,
THE WORLD,
THE UNITED STATES,
CHILDS PICTORIAL HISTORY, &c.
Just to hand at Fentress's Corner, our new stand.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
May 29-249-tf

BLUE AND GOLD POETS:

GOLDSMITH,	TENNYSON,
WORDSWORTH,	LONGFELLOW,
HOOD,	OSSIAN,
COWPER,	HALLECK,
MOORE,	SCOTT,
MCCAULEY,	MERRIDITH,
MISS MULOCH,	MORRIS,
WILLIS,	MILTON,
PRESTON,	BYRON,
BURNS,	HEMANS,
CAMPBELL,	COLERIDGE.

All just received at our new Store, next to Tuckers' new Hall.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
May 29-249-tf

NEW BOOKS.
We are receiving, every week, new supplies of all the Standard
SCHOOL BOOKS, LIBRARY BOOKS, STATIONERY AND MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES,
in our line, which we offer to the Trade and to School Teachers at the lowest prices.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Next door to Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.
My 21-243-tf

25000 WHITE, BUFF, AND CANARY Envelopes.
Paris Envelopes, White and Colored; Fine French Note Paper.
For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Next door to Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.
May 29-249-tf

4 DOZEN SOUTHERN HARMONY AND MUSical Companion.
100 Bradbury's Golden Chain and Censer.
1000 Sabbath School Wreath, &c., &c.
For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
May 29-249-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of
ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,
AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE
JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,
All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.
From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.
JOHN A. YOUNG,
Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

STILL ANOTHER.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Will resume their Great Catalogue
AUCTION SALE OF
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, &c.
On Wednesday next, the 5th. of June, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at their Store on Fayetteville Street.
May 30-250-td

MRS. E. A. NIXON,
CAN ACCOMMODATE, with good board and lodging, EIGHT OR TEN PERSONS, on favorable terms. Her house is conveniently situated, on Fayetteville Street, near to the business portion of the city. Apply soon.
May 30-250-tf

BUTTER! BUTTER! BUTTER!
A PRIME ARTICLE, Received to-day by
DOUGLAS BELL.
May 30—tf.

TEA! TEA! TEA!
Imperial Green Tea.
Gunpowder "
Oolong (black) "
Received to-day, by
May 30—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

DRY GOODS.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG,
AT THE
OLD STAND
OF
S. H. YOUNG,
ARE now receiving from the North a large and well selected stock of the most desirable and fashionable
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Which having been bought at low figures will be sold very low
FOR CASH.
We respectfully request our friends, and the public generally, to call and examine our stock, before buying elsewhere.
April 29-246-tf

S. H & W. J. YOUNG.
OUR STOCK COMPLETE!
WE HAVE IN STORE A GENERAL ASSORTment of
STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
Hats, Boots and Shoes for Gent's and Boys.
ALSO, HATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES,
&c., &c.
Call and see us at the old stand of
May 3-227-tf S. H. YOUNG.

IN LUCK AGAIN!
THE VERY LATEST ARRIVALS
OF NEW GOODS!!
JUST RECEIVED A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTment of Rich
GRENADINES,
MOZAMBIQUES,
MOHAIRS,
AND POPLINS,
ALSO,
SHEER ORGANDIES
RICH JACONETTS,
PERCALES,
PEQUE,
AND
50,000 yds. of the handsomest Prints you ever saw.
These goods have been bought since the
RECENT DECLINE IN PRICE,
So that we can give you handsomer goods for the price than we have been able to do since the
CLOSE OF THE WAR.
—ALSO,—
A LARGE STOCK OF BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS,
PLAID HOMESPUNS,
GENT'S AND BOYS WEAR.
DENIMS AND LINENS &c.
And a beautiful stock of Ladies' and Misses' Trimmed and *Untrimmed HATS*, Rainbows, Almas, Patti, &c., &c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
my 17-238-tf

HOME AGAIN.
ISAAC GETTINGER
is now in full receipt of his Spring and Summer stock of
DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, MILLINERY,
AND FANCY GOODS,
They will be sold at a very small advance on
FIRST COST.
The Millinery business will be carried on by
MRS. GETTINGER,
in all its branches, she having been North herself and visited the first Millinery establishments in the country, laid in her own stock in person, and besides that, having a thorough knowledge of the business, will be enabled to suit one and all from *the rich to the poor.*
Opening day for Spring and Summer Bonnets will be on the 10th. day of April, to which all her lady friends are respectfully invited.
We are also introducing a new style HOOP-SKIRT called the
ODESSA PATENT COLLAPSING SKIRT,
a skirt far superior to anything that has ever been brought to this country. We ask an inspection of the same. You will not regret a walk to No. 48 Fayetteville Street.
April 4-205-3m

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!
WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most
COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS
of Goods, ever offered in this Market.
Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.
Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of
MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,
PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES,
TARLETANS,
PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.
Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.
WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.
All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.
A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

JUST RECEIVED
AT
M ROSENBAUM'S,
IN ADDITION TO HIS ALREADY LARGE, and well selected
SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK,
100 of the latest styles and patterns
SILK SACQUES
AND MANTLES.
Also, MOZAMBIQUE and POPLIN SACQUES, for Summer Wear.
PRINTS,
and all other domestic goods, in great variety, at
M. ROSENBAUM'S,
No. 16, Fayetteville St.,
May 3-227-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BACON! BACON!! BACON!!!
ANOTHER LOT OF PRIME SOUTHAMPTON SIDES just received by
DOUGLAS BELL,
May 24th., 1867. Market Square.

WASHING MACHINES.
In store on exhibition, *free of charge*, the Nonpareil and Doty UNIVERSAL WASHING MACHINES, with Wringers complete at manufacturer's prices, with freight only added. The sooner we take hold of them, the better for all concerned.
JAMES M. TOWLER,
May 23-tf. Agent.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,
No. 1015 Main Street,
(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,)
Richmond, Va.;
THOS. BRANCH & SONS,
No. 8 Old Street
PETERSBURG, VA.;
BRANCH, SONS & CO.,
Broad Street,
AUGUSTA, GA.,
BANKERS,
AND
Commission Merchants,

Receive Money on Deposit, subject to sight checks, and allow interest on same as agreed upon; Negotiate Loans; Make Collections throughout the United States, and buy and sell on commission, Bank Notes, Bonds, Stocks, &c., &c.

They also offer their services for the sale and purchase of Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Cotton, &c.

Their senior, Thos. Branch, with an experience of thirty years in the commission trade, will give his personal attention to the Richmond house, and expects to give satisfaction to his old friends and all who may favor them with their patronage.

Cash advances made on consignments to them and to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, London, Antwerp and Bremen.

Guano, and other concentrated Manures, furnished to their regular customers. Special attention is given to the execution of Cotton purchases, by

THOS. BRANCH & SONS, Petersburg,
AND
BRANCH, SONS & CO., Augusta, Ga.

The Richmond House transmitting telegraphic orders to either house, as may be preferred.

We are paying the highest rates for Bank Notes and Southern Securities; will hand returns with check on New York, Richmond or Petersburg, for all packages sent to our care, at best rates.

We will buy old North Carolina Bonds, Coupons, Registered, scratched &c, also detached coupons.

Railroad Stock bought and sold.

The following are the present rates of our Petersburg House for N. C. Bank notes, and are liable to changes—the highest rates paid when notes are received.

Bank of Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	24
" Clarendon	3
" Commerce	15
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	10
" " at Graham	23
" North Carolina	45
" Roxboro'	50
" Thomasville	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Washington	13
" Wilmington	22½
" Yanceyville	7
Commercial Bank Wilmington	25½
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	25
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	50
Miners' and Planters' Bank	33

Thos. Branch & Sons will forward from Petersburg, free of commission, all consignments to
THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond.
Feb 6-134-

MISCELLANEOUS.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!!
230 Hhds. and 40 Tierces and Bbls. "Clayed Cuba" and "Muscovado" MOLASSES, mostly in bright and new packages.
Just landing, for sale by
WILLARD BRO'S.
my 17-238-1m 29-30 and 31 North Water St. Wilmington, N. C.
Standard Copy.

WOOD!
The undersigned is authorized to receive proposals for furnishing this institution with 1,500 Cords of Wood, Oak and Pine in equal quantities.
The wood to be delivered in lots of not less than 200 Cords per month upon the grounds of the Asylum.
ED. C. FISHER,
Phys'n and Supt.
my 16-237-2aw1m Insane Asylum.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.
By virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed by A. T. Sawyer to R. W. Pulliam, W. H. Jones and Geo. W. Swepson, on the 26th. day of Febuary, 1867, to secure the payment of eight hundred and thirty-six dollars, we will expose at public sale, at the Court House door in the City of Raleigh, on Saturday, the 29th. day of June, 1867, for cash, the House and lot mentioned and described in said Deed, situated near the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Depot, in the City of Raleigh, being the same occupied by said Sawyer.
The property is valuable for a Produce and Grocery Store. The House contains four rooms, Kitchen and other necessary out houses attached.
This sale will be made to satisfy the debt secured by said Deed of Trust and the costs incurred in executing the same.
The sale will take place within the hours appointed for judicial sales.
R. W. PULLIAM,
W. H. JONES,
GEO. W. SWEPSON.
May 24-245-2awtd

TO TOBACCONISTS.
It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geraniums,	Orris "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras,	Cardamon Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel,
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1867.

NEARER HOME.

The following verses appeared in some one of the religious papers a few years ago, but where, when, or by whom they were written, we are unable to say:

One sweetly solemn thought
Comes to me o'er and o'er;
I'm nearer to home to-day
Than I have ever been before.

Nearer the Father's home,
Where the many mansions be:
Near the great white throne,
Near the jasper sea.

Nearer the bounds of life,
Where we lay our burdens down:
Nearer leaving the cross,
Nearer gaining the crown.

But lying darkly between,
Winding down through the night,
Is the dim and unknown stream
That leads me at last to light.

Closer, closer my steps
Come to the dark abyss,
Closer death to my lips
Presses the awful chrism.

Father, perfect my trust,
Strengthen the light of my faith;
Let me feel as I would when I stand
On the rock of the shore of death.

Feel as I would when my feet,
Are slipping on the brink,
For it may be I'm near home,
Nearer now than I think.

THE GENTLEMAN.—He is above a mean thing. He cannot stoop to a mean fraud.—He invades no secret in the keeping of another. He betrays no secrets confided to his own keeping. He never struts in borrowed plumage. He never takes selfish advantage of our mistakes. He uses no ignoble weapons in controversy. He never stabs in the dark. He is ashamed of inuendoes. He is not one thing to the man's face and another behind his back. If by accident he comes in possession of his neighbor's counsels he passes upon them an act of instant oblivion. He bears sealed packages without tampering with the wax. Papers not meant for his eyes, whether they flutter at his window or lie open before him in unguarded exposure, are sacred to him. He invades no privacy of others, however the sentry sleeps. Bolts and bars, locks and keys, hedges and pickets, bonds and securities, notice to trespassers, are none of them for him. He may be trusted by himself out of sight—near the thinnest partition—anywhere. He buys no offices, he sells none; he intrigues for none. He would rather fail of his rights than win them through dishonor. He will eat honest bread. He tramples on no sensitive feeling. He insults no man.—If he have rebuke for another, he is straightforward, open, manly. In short, whatever he judges honorable he practices toward every man.

THE WRITING ON THE ROCK.

Ages upon ages ago the tide was out, and the muddy beach lay smooth as this sheet of paper before me. A cloud passed over the sky, and a shower of big rain or hail came down, and pitted the mud as thick as leaves on the trees. A strong wind drove the drops so that the impressions were a little one-sided. They had written their short history as plain as my pen can write; and even the direction from which the wind blew was recorded. Some great frogs and lizards which used to live there, came hopping over the mud, and left their tracks also deeply printed on the shore. By and-by the great waves came softly stealing up, and covered the whole surface with fine sand, and so the tracks were seen no more for ages upon ages. The clay hardened into solid rock, and so did the sand; and after all these thousands of years had passed away, some masons came upon the curious inscriptions. Men of science, who are skilled in reading these stony leaves of God's great book, read, as plainly as if they had been present, the story of that passing shower. It had written on the softest clay, but it was read on solid rock.

So your hearts to-day are like the soft clay. Everything stamps them, but the stamps are not so easy to remove. They will be there when you are grown up to be a man or woman. O, what deep, dark prints the bad words of evil associates make! But how lovely it will be to recall the record which kind and loving actions make upon the soul!

There is another place, where all our actions are written down, which we should never forget. It is the book God keeps in heaven. We can never bear to meet that record unless we have Jesus Christ for our Savior. Then we shall know that nothing there will ever appear to condemn us. We shall rejoice when God calls us to come and appear before him.

A young fellow once offered to kiss a Quakeress.

"Friend," said she, "thee must not do it."

"Oh, by Jove, but I must!" said the youth.

"Well, friend, as thee hast sworn it, thee may do it, but thee must not make a practice of it."

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA MILITARY AND POLYTECHNIC ACADEMY.

A GREAT SCHOOL OF THEORETICAL AND APPLIED SCIENCE!

The 2nd. Session, 9th. Academic year, opens July 1st., 1867.

PRINCIPAL STUDIES OF REGULAR COURSE:—Mathematics and Physical Sciences, Engineering, Architecture and Drawing, Latin, French and Belles Lettres, Ethics, Political Economy and History.

Diplomas conferred upon graduates in the *Regular Course*.

Persons desiring to qualify themselves for Surveyors or Civil Engineers, are offered a

SPECIAL COURSE OF ENGINEERING, ARCHITECTURE AND DRAWING.

which they may follow, in part or throughout, to the exclusion of all studies unnecessary to their purpose.

A COMMERCIAL COURSE

is given to those who wish to prepare for business life.

No military duties, beyond enough drill for healthy exercise. Expenses moderate. Location healthy.

For circulars containing full information, address

GEN. R. E. COLSTON, Supt.
HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

May 24-4d.

COTTON PLOWS.

Just received another supply of March's New Patented COTTON PLOW. They give universal satisfaction.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
my 6-229-tf Agent.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE AND SALE OF PROPERTY.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR on the estate of JOHN O'ROURKE, dec'd. at May Term 1867, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Wake County, I hereby notify *creditors* of the estate to present their claims within the time prescribed by law; and the debtors to make payment.

There will be a *Sale* of the *personal property* belonging to the estate, on Tuesday the 18th. of June next, at the late residence of the deceased, near the city of Raleigh, upon the usual terms. With other personal effects will be sold the growing crops of *Rye, Wheat and Oats*.

PATRICK FERRALL,
Administrator.
Raleigh, N. C. May 29-codt18J.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

[Radical members marked "R;" Conservatives marked "C."

CONNECTICUT.
James Dixon, c,
Orris S Ferry, r

CALIFORNIA.
John Conness, r
Cornelius Cole, r

DELAWARE.
Geo Read Riddle, c
Willard Saulsbury, c

ILLINOIS.
Richard Yates, r
Vacancy.

INDIANA.
Thos A Hendricks, c
Lyman Trumbull, r

IOWA.
James W Grimes, r
James Harlan, r

KANSAS
Vacancy
Do

MAINE.
Lott M Morrill, r
W P Fessenden, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
Chas Sumner, r
Henry Wilson, r

MARYLAND.
Reverdy Johnson, c
Vacancy

MISSOURI.
John B Henderson, r
C D Drake, r

MICHIGAN.
Zachariah Chandler, r
Jacob M Howard, r

KENTUCKY.
James Guthrie, c
Vacancy.

MINNESOTA.
Alex Ramsay, r
Dan'l S Norton, c

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Aaron H Craigin, r
Jas W Patterson, r

NEW YORK.
Edwin D Morgan, r
Roscoe Conkling, r

NEW JERSEY.
A G Cattell, r
F T Frelinghuysen, r

NEVADA.
Wm M Stewart, r
Vacancy

OHIO.
Benj. F Wade, r
John Sherman, r

OREGON.
Geo H Williams, r
Henry W Corbett, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
Chas R Buckalew, c
Simon Cameron, r

RHODE ISLAND.
Wm Sprague, r
Henry B Anthony, r

TENNESSEE.
David T Fowler, r
J S Patterson, c

VERMONT.
Geo F Edmunds, r
Simon Cameron, r

WISCONSIN.
Jas B. Doolittle, c
Vacancy.

WEST VIRGINIA.
Peter G Van Winkle, r
Waitman T Willey, r

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

NEW YORK.
1 Stephen Tabor, c
2 Demas Barnes, c
3 Wm E Robinson, c
4 John Fox, c
5 John Morrissey, c
6 Thos E Stewart, c
7 John W Chandler, c
8 James Brooks, c
9 Fernando Wood, c
10 Wm H Robertson, c
11 Chas H Van Wyck, r
12 John H Ketcham, r
13 Thos Cornell, r
14 J V L Pruyn, c
15 J A Griswold, r
16 Orange Ferris, r
17 C T Hulburd, r
18 James M Marvin, r
19 Wm C Fields, r
20 A H Ladin, r
21 Roscoe Conkling, r
22 J C Churchill, r
23 Dennis McCarthy, c
24 T M Pomeroy, r
25 Wm H Kelsey r
26 Wm S Lincoln, r
27 Hamilton Ward, r
28 Lewis Selye, r
29 Burt Van Horn, r
30 J M Humphrey, c
31 H Van Aernam, r

DELAWARE.
John Nicholson, c

ILLINOIS.
1 N B Judd, r
2 J F Farnsworth, r
3 E B Washburne, r
4 A C Harding, r
5 E C Ingersoll, r
6 Burton C Cook, r
7 H P H Bromwell, r
8 Shelby M Cullum, r
9 Lewis W Ross, c
10 A G Burr, c
11 Sam'l Marshall, c
12 John Baker, r
13 G B Bamn, r
At large, J A Logan, r

INDIANA.
1 Wm E Niblack, c
2 Michael C Kerr, c
3 M C Hunter, r
4 Wm S Holman, c
5 Geo W Julian, r
6 John Colburn, r
7 H D Washburne, r
8 Godlove S Orth, r
9 Schuyler Colfax, r
10 Wm Williams, r
11 Jno P C Shanks, r

IOWA.
1 James F Wilson, r
2 Hiram Price, r
3 Wm B Allison, r
4 W M Longbridge, r
5 S M Dodge, r
6 Asahel W Hubbard, r

KANSAS.
Sidney Clark, r

MAINE.
1 John Lynch, r
2 Sidney Perham, r
3 James G Blaine, r
4 John A Peters, r
5 Fred'k A Pike, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
1 Thos D Eliot, r
2 Oakes Ames, r
3 Ginery Twitchell, r
4 Sam'l Hooper, r
5 Benj. F. Butler, r
6 Nat P Banks, r
7 Geo S Boutwell, r
8 John B Baldwin, r
9 W B Washburne, r
10 Henry L Dawes, r

MARYLAND.
1 Hiram McCullough, c
2 S Arthur, c
3 C E Phelps, c
4 Francis Thomas, r
5 Frederick Stone, c

MISSOURI.
1 Wm A File, r
2 C A Newcom, r
3 Thos E Noell, c
4 J J Gravelly, r
5 J W McClurg, r
6 R T Van Horn, r
7 Benj F Loan, r
8 J F Benjamin, r
9 G W Anderson, r

MICHIGAN.
1 Fer C Beaman, r
2 Chas Upson, r
3 Austin Blair, r
4 Thos W Ferry, r
5 B E Trowbridge, r
6 John F Driggs, r

MINNESOTA.
1 Wm. Windom, r
2 Ignatius Donnelly, r

NEW JERSEY.
1 William Moore, r
2 Wm A. Newell, r
3 Chas Sitgreaves, c
4 John Hill, r
5 G A Halsey, r

NEVADA.
Delano R Ashley, r

OHIO.
1 Benj Eggleston, r
2 R B Hayes, r
3 Robt C Schenck, r
4 Wm Lawrence, r
5 Wm H Mungen, c
6 H W Clark, r
7 Saml Shellabarger, r
8 C S Hamilton, r
9 Ralph P Buckland, r
10 James M Ashley, r
11 John T Wilson, r
12 P Van Trump, c
13 G W Morgan, c
14 Martin Welker, r
15 Tobias A Plants, r
16 John A Bingham, r
17 Ephraim R Eckley, r
18 Rufus P Spalding, r
19 James A Garfield, r

OREGON.
J D H Henderson, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
1 Samuel J Randall, c
2 Charles O'Neill, r
3 Leonard Myers, r
4 W D Kelley, r
5 Caleb N Taylor, r
6 D Markely Boyer, c
7 John M Broomall, r
8 Lawrence Getz, c
9 Thaddeus Stevens, r
10 Henry L Cake, r
11 D M Van Auken, c
12 Charles Dennison, c
13 Ulysses F Mercer, r
14 Geo F Miller, r
15 A J Goldsbrenner, c
16 Wm H Koontz, r
17 Daniel S Morrell, r
18 Stephen F Wilson, r
19 G W Schofield, r
20 Darwin A Finney, r
21 John Covode, r
22 J K Morehead, r
23 Thomas Williams, r
24 G V Lawrence, r

VERMONT.
1 E E Woodbridge, r
2 Luke Poland, r
3 W C Smith, r

WISCONSIN
1 Halbert E Paine, r
2 Benj F Hopkins, r
3 Amasas Cobb, r
4 Chas A Eldridge, c
5 Philetus Sawyer, r
6 C C Washburne, r

WEST VIRGINIA.
1 C D Hubbard, r
2 Benj M Kitchen, r
3 Daniel Polsey, r

Connecticut, California, Kentucky, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Tennessee, choosing twenty-nine members, are yet to elect.

U. S. Judiciary

The Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States are as follows:

Mr Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio
Mr Justice Wayne, Georgia
Mr Justice Nelson, New York
Mr Justice Grier, Pennsylvania
Mr Justice Swayne, Ohio
Mr Justice Miller, Iowa
Mr Justice Davis, Illinois
Mr Justice Field, California
Mr Justice Stansbury, Ohio
Reporter, John W Wallace, Ohio
Marshal, D S Gooding
Clerk, D W Middleton

The Judge of the District Court of North Carolina is G W Brooks. District Attorney, D H Starbuck. Marshal, Daniel R Goodloe.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE YARBROUGH HOUSE,

Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

I HAVE THE PLEASURE OF ANNOUNCING to my friends, and the traveling public, that I have leased the

YARBROUGH HOUSE,

for a term of years. The house will be

Repainted and Furnished

with new and elegant furniture at once.

I return sincere thanks to my patrons for their very kind and liberal patronage, received while in charge of the EXCHANGE HOTEL in this city.

I promise that the Yarbrough House shall have no superior in the South.

J. M. BLAIR.

mar 21-199-tf

"THE CHURCH OF THE STRANGERS,"

NEW YORK,

REV. DR. DEEMS, PASTOR.

STRANGERS visiting New York are respectfully informed that a congregation, composed of Christians of different Protestant denominations, has been organized under the pastoral charge of the Rev. CHARLES F. DEEMS, D. D., of North Carolina. Visiting clergymen of the several churches are invited to officiate. No sectarianism, no partisan politics, will be allowed to interfere with the worship.

The service is held morning and night in the Large Chapel of the University, immediately West of the New York Hotel.

The Pastor's residence and post office address is 221 WEST 34th. STREET. Strangers in the city, who are sick or in distress, may freely call upon Dr Deems for pastoral service.

When any member of any church comes to New York to engage in business, let him call promptly on the Pastor of the Church of the Strangers.—Especially let this be done in the case of young men who will have a cordial welcome.

Newspapers through the country, friendly to the enterprise, will please copy this advertisement and allow it to stand.

my 18-226-tf

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions: Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER.
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th. section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowlege and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I,——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for ——months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof: that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God," which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

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In spite of cats,
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OXFORD TIES,
From the celebrated manufactury of T. MILES & SON.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

May 10-232-tf

UNITED STATES

TAX NOTICE.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 4TH. DIST., N. C.
WARRENTON, N. C., May 13th. 1867.

THE ASSESSOR'S LIST FOR THE YEAR 1867 has been placed in my hands for collection.—All persons on whom assessments have been made during that period in Wake county, will meet me or my deputy at Raliegh on the 8th. to 15th. June prepared to pay their taxes.

All Distillers, Tobacco, Snuff and Cigar Manufacturers, must come prepared to give bond and security, and all who have made application for license must come forward and take out their license. Those who fail to comply with these requirements will be subject to a heavy penalty.

According to the provisions of the law those who do not pay, at the required time, will be liable to ten per cent. additional upon their taxes. The special attention of those who have not paid on the back lists is called to this fact.

JOHN READ,
Collector.
W. B. WILLIAMS,
Dep. Collector.

May 14-235-1d

SOUTHERN SHOE FACTORY.

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

AS SUCCESSORS TO J. SHELLY & SON, established in 1859, with enlarged capital, the most improved machinery, and best workmen, we will sell every style of

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April 12-210-3m*

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